

# NEW YORKS WIN

## BRITISH MINISTER IN A LETTER DATED JULY 4 BEGGS HELP

### 2,000 PASSENGERS IN PERIL. SIRIUS IS ASHORE.

One of the Iron Steamboat Line Boats Fast in the Mud at Tarrytown—May Not Be Floated Before Morning.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 24.—The Iron Steamboat Company's Sirius went ashore today.

The passengers on the Sirius were members of the United Sunday-School Association, made up of many Sunday-schools in Westchester County.

Fully 2,000 of them embarked at 9 o'clock this morning on the annual excursion, which was to have been a trip up the river to Kingston Point and return.

The lines were cast off and the big steamboat began to back out from the dock. She had gone 100 yards when her pilot tried to swing the bow into the stream.

As the bow was cleared the speed fell and the boat started at an angle with the wharf.

A few turns of the paddle-wheels sent the forward end of her keel hard on a reef alongside of a wrecked schooner.

With the jar and the grating of the timber on the rocks came a panic among the excursionists, who filled all the decks.

The majority of the passengers were women and children and they were thrown at once into uncontrollable excitement.

Reversing the engines, attempts were made to back the steamer off, but she had grounded too hard.

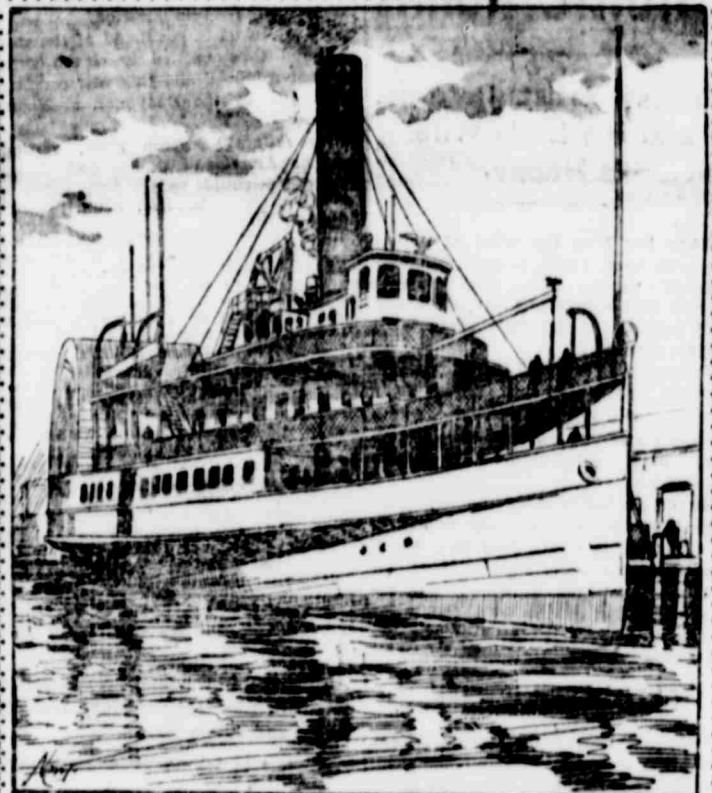
The ferry-boat Rockland, which plies between Tarrytown and Nyack, was called into service and passed a hawser aboard. She was unequal to the task of pulling the big vessel free.

This effort continued until noon, when it was given up. The excursion was abandoned and the ferryboat began to transfer the passengers from the Sirius to shore.

It is not believed that the steamer is seriously damaged.

None of the excursionists was injured, but many suffered from extreme nervousness caused by what they believed to be peril.

The Sirius will probably be floated off the reef after being lightened.



The Iron Steamboat Sirius Ashore at Tarrytown.

### GALLANT NINTH'S AWFUL ORDEAL.

Cut to Pieces by Rifle Fire of Chinese—Heroic Acts of Many Officers.

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SHANGHAI, July 23, by post from Chefoo, July 17.—The Ninth Regiment, United States Infantry, entered the fight at Tientsin with 400 men. An incomplete list of casualties shows eighteen killed, seventy-five wounded and two missing. The marines had four killed and eighteen wounded.

Major James Regan, Ninth Infantry, was wounded in the leg.

Capt. Edwin V. Bookmiller, Ninth Infantry, in the leg and groin.

First Lieut. Smedley D. Butler, United States Marine Corps, in the leg.

Capt. William B. Lemly, United States Marine Corps, in the arm.

Second Lieut. Frank R. Lang, Ninth Infantry, in the foot.

First Lieut. Henry Leonard, of the Marine Corps, carried Lieut. Butler from the field under a fierce fire. He was shot in the upper left arm while returning, but ran and swam a mile under fire, getting to the rear. His arm was amputated to-day.

Capt. Charles R. Noyes, who had been slightly wounded in the arm and leg, swam a mile with only his nose above water with a request for reinforcements.

reinforcements under fire and received three slight wounds.

Col. Lacombe was shot in the abdomen and died half an hour later. His last words were: "Keep up firing."

The Ninth was ordered to support the Japanese, who were receiving an enfilading fire. After crossing a mud wall half a mile from the city wall the Ninth pushed, advancing against the flanking fire, and reached a marsh beside the river at the southwest corner of the city.

A body of Chinese in a burned village under the wall just across the river where they were strongly barricaded, poured in a fire and whenever an American raised a hand he was shot. A Norfollit gun and two small cannon were also trained upon them.

They lay in the mud all day, without a surgeon to attend their wounds, and were unable to move or help the wounded, without food and drinking the canal water. They had exhausted their ammunition, except a few rounds which were retained in order to repel a charge if it should be made. Some expected to escape. A few reaching the rear reported that half of the command had been killed or wounded, including heat prostrations in the estimate.

After the Americans had retired under cover of the darkness they struggled back to Tientsin in squad all night, pitifully exhausted and carrying their wounded. The Americans' hospital was crowded and short of surgeons, there having been no expectation of such losses.

### PITTSBURG. NEW YORK.

CHICAGO AT BROOKLYN.

CHICAGO ..... 0 1 2 4 0 2  
BROOKLYN ..... 2 2 0 0 0 2

At Philadelphia—End of Seventh Inning: Cincinnati, 1; Phila., 3.  
At Boston—End of Sixth Inning: Boston, 9; St. Louis, 11.

WINNERS AT BRIGHTON BEACH.

SIXTH RACE—Autumn 1, Peaceful 2, Sir Fitzhugh 3.

AT HAWTHORNE.

FIRST RACE—Pouches 1, Glove 2, Esther Riggs 3.  
SECOND RACE—Abe Faral 1, Lucille Brainide 2, High Hoe 3.  
THIRD RACE—Bangle 1, Our Nellie 2, Henry C. 3.  
FOURTH RACE—Dangerous 1, Hurry 2, Sinner 3.  
FIFTH RACE—Norford 1, Limerick 2, Elghurst 3.

AT ST. LOUIS.

FIRST RACE—Tony Lipping 1, Duke Alexis 2, Blumier 3.  
SECOND RACE—Col. Gay 1, Mandamus 2, Percy R. 3.  
THIRD RACE—Sandra 1, El Cha 2, Jump 3.

MOTHER AND SON ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Michael O'Connor, of 9 Fifth street, Brooklyn, who yesterday rescued his mother Kate from drowning in the East River, where she jumped in an attempt at suicide, to-day tried to kill himself by drowning. He jumped from the pier at the foot of Bond street, but was rescued.

UNKNOWN BOY KILLED BY A TRAIN.

An unknown boy about eight years of age attempted to board a train on West 23rd street at the foot of Fourth street, Hoboken, this afternoon. When he missed his footing and fell beneath the cars. The wheels passed over him and he was instantly killed. The body was horribly mangled. It was taken to O'Donnell's morgue.

### M'KINLEY'S TERMS OF MEDIATION.

The State Department to-day gave out the demands made by President McKinley on China. They are:

1. To give public assurance whether the foreign ministers are alive, and, if so, in what condition.
2. To put the diplomatic representatives of the powers in immediate and free communication with their governments and to remove all danger to their lives and liberty.
3. To place the imperial authorities of China in communication with the relief expedition, so that cooperation may be secured between them for the liberation of the legations, the protection of foreigners and the restoration of order.

If these objects are accomplished this Government will use its good offices to settle the trouble over China.

To-day squads searched the fields, collecting the dead and wounded. Col. Lacombe's body was escorted to a boat this evening by two battalions of English troops, with a General and Colonel at their head.

### FOREIGNERS MIGHT HOLD OUT FORTNIGHT, HE SAID.

LONDON, July 24.—The Foreign Office has received a despatch from the British Consul at Tientsin, dated Saturday, July 21, stating that he had just received a letter from Sir Claude Macdonald, the British Minister at Peking, dated July 4, appealing for relief.

There was enough provisions at the legation to last a fortnight, the letter said, but the garrison was unequal to the task of holding out against a determined attack for many days. There had been forty-four deaths and about double that number wounded.

The Foreign Office thinks the despatch does not affect the main question of the reported massacre of the legations at Peking.

### FAILED TO REACH ENVOY.

LONDON, July 24.—Sir Chi Chen Fung Lu, the Chinese Minister, to-day said:

"My attempts to communicate with Sir Claude Macdonald in Peking continually failed, therefore I fear the danger is not over. My government is too busy suppressing the Boxers to furnish news."

### CHINA TO ACCEPT TERMS.

(Special to The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, July 24.—High Administration officials here express the belief that the President's reply will be acceptable to China, and that immediate steps will be taken to comply with the conditions enumerated. Chinese Minister Wu holds the same views.

President McKinley's offer of mediation based on the delivery of the Envoys unharmed was made public to-day.

A message received from Prince Sheng declares they will be sent to Tientsin under escort and delivered up.

Based on Li Hung Chang's statement to The World some diplomats in London believe the Envoys are held as hostages to prevent an advance on Peking.

Admiral Kempf has stirred up a row by claiming thirteen guns as a salute while the naval ships of other nations only give him eleven.

Gen. Chaffee and the Sixth Cavalry, on the transport Grant, will arrive at Nagaraki to-morrow en route to Taku.

It has leaked out in Paris that a plot to assassinate the Chinese Minister there was blocked by the police.

### ENVOYS TO TIENTSIN.

Cable from Sheng Says They Are Alive and Will Leave Peking Under Escort.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The Chinese Minister received a despatch to-day from Sheng, the Director of Railroads and Telegraphs at Shanghai, stating that the foreign Ministers are to be sent from Peking to Tientsin under escort.

He says that the Imperial Government has not only been protecting them but has supplied them with food.

The Sheng telegram was made public at the State Department in the following statement:

"Minister Wu visited the State Department this morning and handed to the Acting Secretary of State the following text of a cable message, explaining that it was a cablegram from Director-General Sheng at Shanghai, dated July 23, 1900, to the Chinese Minister at London, by whom it had been retransmitted to Minister Wu and received by the latter on the night of the same day."

"News from Peking of 22nd day of 4th moon, corresponding to July 18th, says Wen Jui, by direction of the Taung-li-Yamen, went to see the

various Foreign Ministers and found not one of them harmed. Jung Lu proposes to memorialize the Imperial Government to supply them with provisions at once, and then devise plan to detail troops to escort them to Tientsin."

This communication accords with the publication made in London yesterday and printed in the American newspapers of this morning."

### ENVOYS SAFE JULY 13.

French Official Despatches Say British Legation Was Then Hard Pressed by Chinese. PARIS, July 21.—Four despatches from the French Consul at Tientsin, (Continued on Second Page)